Accreditation to teach in a Catholic school

A position statement of the Queensland Catholic Education Commission - 2015

1. Introduction
This position statement presents the collaboratively discerned views of the Queensland Catholic Education Commission (QCEC) and Catholic schooling authorities regarding accreditation to teach in a Catholic school.

The Code of Canon Law of the Catholic Church states that “the instruction and education in a Catholic school must be grounded in the principles of Catholic doctrine; teachers are to be outstanding in correct doctrine and integrity of life” (803 # 2).

The position statement applies to all teachers including those with interim accreditation, permanent part time teachers, and teachers on job share arrangements.

QCEC is committed to supporting Catholic school authorities in their work of employing appropriate teachers who respect the history, beliefs and mission of the Catholic Church.

Each Catholic school authority is encouraged to use this position statement to frame employment policies and procedures which are socially just, equitable, inclusive and educationally sound, to suit its particular context.

This position statement should be read in conjunction with the position statement “Accreditation to teach religion in a Catholic school”, the policy Formation for staff members in Catholic schools in Queensland and the A guide to develop a framework for staff formation in Catholic schools in Queensland. These documents support Catholic school authorities in implementing ongoing formation of staff and seek to ensure that all staff members participate in formation experiences to assist them to grow in understanding of their ministry as part of the mission of the Catholic Church.

2. Definitions
2.1 Accreditation is a process undertaken by Catholic Schooling Authorities that recognises competency to teach in a Catholic school. It is a professional requirement undertaken by teachers which will require evidence, acceptable to the Catholic School Authority, of annual participation in professional development activities that support their understanding of the nature of the Church’s mission in the world, the identity and educational mission of the Catholic school within the mission of the Church, and their contribution as teachers to that mission. Over a five (5) year period, these activities are to total at least 25 hours.

3. Rationale
In order to teach in a Catholic school, teachers need to develop their understanding of the Catholic Church and its mission in the world, and the contribution they make to that mission. Catholic Church documents and other publications (see references) highlight the importance of Catholic school teachers to the development of student’s academic, spiritual and physical needs and directing this development at creating a synthesis between faith, culture and life.

The Catholic school’s service is contextual requiring its teachers to provide age appropriate Catholic Christian messages for students that support their making sense of life in a clear and meaningful way. This accreditation position statement has been formulated on the basis that all teachers in Catholic schools contribute to the faith of the school community.
Accreditation affirms the positive contributions of teachers in Catholic schools.

4. Position Statement
Those appointed to teach in Catholic schools in Queensland are accredited for their understanding of the nature of the Church’s mission in the world, the identity and educational mission of the Catholic school within the mission of the Church, and their contribution as teachers to that mission.

5. Implications
5.1 Each Catholic schooling authority will develop and maintain a policy on the accreditation requirements required for teaching positions.

5.2 Each Catholic schooling authority ensures that teachers have access to opportunities which enable them to fulfil the minimum requirements as set out in their policy statement.

5.3 Accreditation policies and procedures may vary across Catholic schooling authorities in recognition of specific needs and conditions.

5.4 While the determination of accreditation in one schooling authority may not be sufficient for accreditation in all other schooling authorities, the work done for accreditation in each schooling authority is recognised towards accreditation by all other schooling authorities.

5.5 It is the responsibility of the individual teacher to fulfil the Catholic Schooling Authority’s requirements for the school in which employment is sought.

5.6 These requirements will be reflected in selection criteria, position descriptions and contracts.

5.7 Catholic schooling authorities may negotiate with applicants who do not meet these requirements to ascertain ways they can fulfil the requirements in an appropriate manner and timeframe. In general, teachers beginning in a Catholic school can receive interim accreditation for a maximum of five years until they can satisfy the Authority’s requirements for accreditation.

6. References


